Please fill in the following form. We will convert it into TEI conformant data to put it on the VICAV website. Have a look at previously published examples on the VICAV website.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ID | profile\_{location}\_01 |
| Author of this profile | Aleksandra Ercegovčević |
| Image |  |
| Copyright of image | Facebook  <https://www.facebook.com/208102402559856/photos/p.1048548058515282/1048548058515282/?type=1&theater> |
| Name of location (English) | Mazouna |
| Name of location (Fuṣḥā, transcription) | Māzūna |
| Name of location (Fuṣḥā, Arabic) | مازونة |
| Name in local variety (in transcription) |  |
| Geo location | 36.12,  0.88 |
| Typology (Local) | West (Maghreb) › Algeria › Western dialects |
| Typology (General) | Hilāli-type Bedouin dialect |
| General | Mazouna is a small historical town on the Dahra Mountains in the province of Relizane. The population in this mountainous area is of Berber origin – primarily of the Zanata and Maghraoua tribes. Mazouna today is inhabited by both Berber and Arabic speakers.  After the Arab Muslim conquest, the town developed into a trading centre between the Atlantic Ocean and Tunisia. During the Ottoman era, Mazouna was the first capital of the western *beylik*. |
| Research history | Only two studies on the dialect of Mazouna exist: Elhalimi 1996 discusses negation, including an analysis of the main negation markers and of the different forms of the enhancement of negation; and Bouhadiba 2016 presents a short overview of the general phonological features of the dialect of Mazouna, but mainly focuses on lexical issues. The latter article emphasises and analyses the Berber influence on the dialect, and provides information on the foundation and history of Mazouna. |
| Dictionaries |  |
| Text books |  |
| Audio data |  |
| Bibliography | {leave empty} |
| Sample text | {leave empty} |
| Linguistic features | {leave empty} |